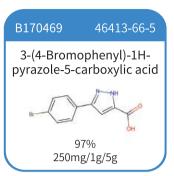


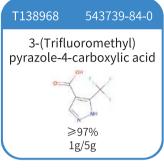
Halogenated Heterocycles

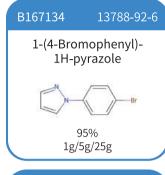
Pyrazol Ring

Pyrazole, a five-membered heterocyclic diazole alkaloid consisting of three carbon atoms and two nitrogen atoms in adjacent positions, is a commonly used molecular building block in drug discovery and development, and can also be used as a metal-catalyzed bifunctional ligand.

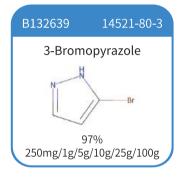


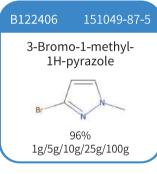


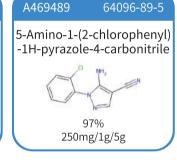


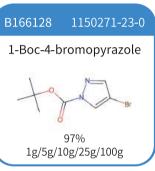








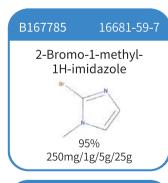


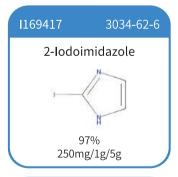


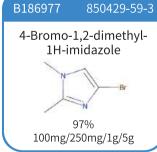
Imidazole Ring

Imidazoles are planar five-membered rings containing two nitrogen atoms and occur primarily in the natural amino acid histidine. Also present in imidazole ring alkaloids, potential therapeutic agents for thrombosis, cancer and inflammatory diseases.

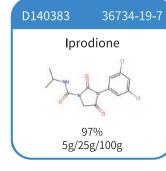




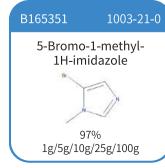


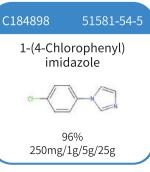








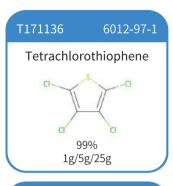


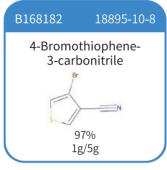


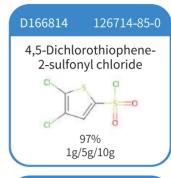
Thiophene Ring

Thiophene (thiofuran) is an important class of sulfur-containing heterocyclic compounds. As analogues of furan and pyrrole, they are widely used as molecular building blocks in various fields such as agrochemicals, drug research and development, and materials science.

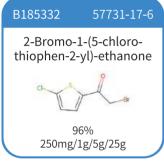


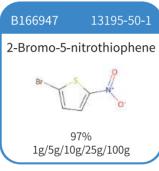


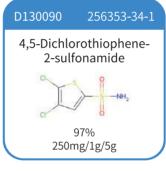


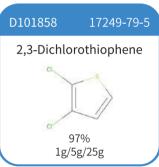








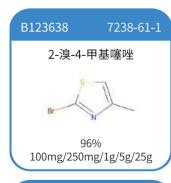


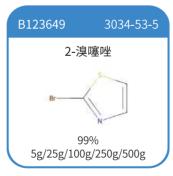


Thiazole Ring

Thiazole is a class of five-membered rings containing nitrogen and sulfur, exhibiting remarkable antitumor, antiviral, and antibiotic activities.

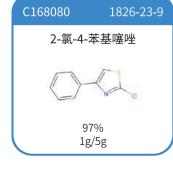




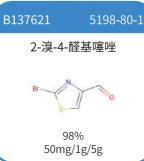


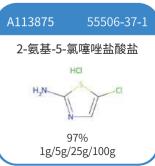








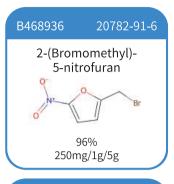


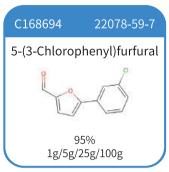


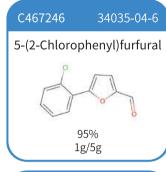
Furan Ring

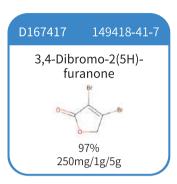
Furan, composed of a five-membered aromatic ring containing an oxygen atom, is an important class of heterocyclic compounds with significant biological characteristics. The furan ring is the basic skeleton of many compounds with cardiovascular activity.





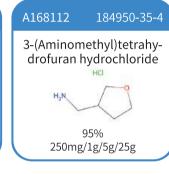


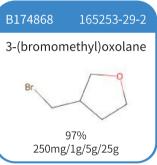






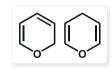


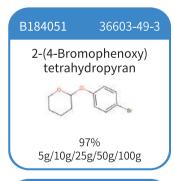




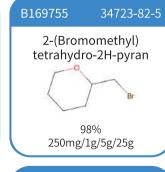
Pyran Ring

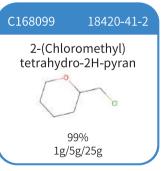
Pyran is a non-aromatic six-membered heterocyclic ring composed of five carbon atoms and one oxygen atom, containing two double bonds. Pyran derivatives are biologically very important.

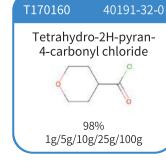


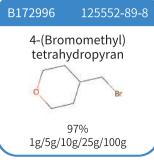


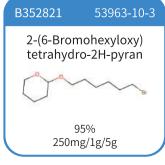


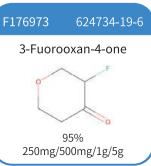








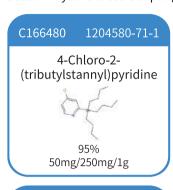


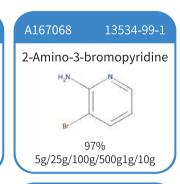


Pyridine Ring

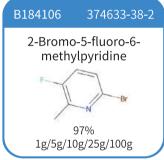
Pyridine is a heterocyclic six-membered aromatic compound containing one nitrogen atom, and appears in many naturally occurring bioactive compounds, drug molecules, and chiral ligands in a polysubstituted form. Halogenated pyridines are commonly used in various cross-coupling reactions, such as the Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reaction.



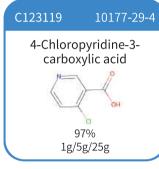


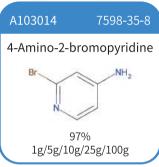








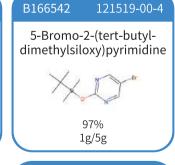


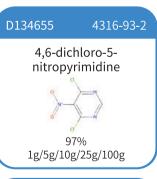


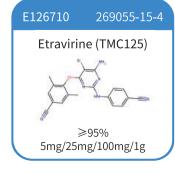
Pyrimidine Ring

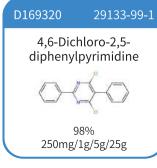
Pyrimidine is a heterocyclic aromatic organic compound similar to pyridine, but it contains two nitrogen atoms at positions 1 and 3 of the six-membered ring. As nucleotides in DNA and RNA, pyrimidine nucleotide derivatives have a wide range of biological applications.







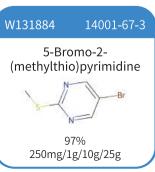






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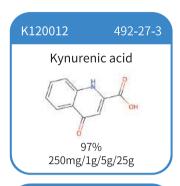
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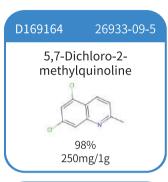
Quinoline Ring

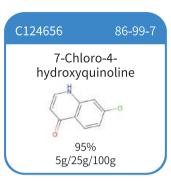
Quinoline, also known as benzopyridine, is composed of two fused aromatic six-membered rings, one benzene ring and one pyridine ring. It has antiseptic, antipyretic and antiparasitic properties, and can be used as an antimalarial drug.



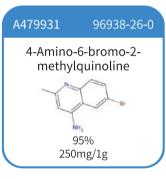


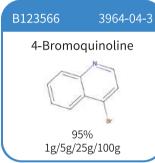


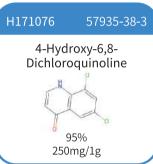








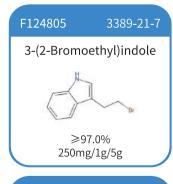


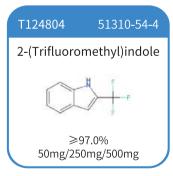


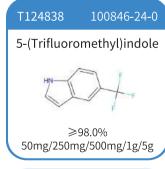
Indole Ring

Indole is composed of a fused pyrrole ring and a benzene ring. Indole can bind to a variety of receptors with high affinity, thus it can be applied in a wide range of therapeutic fields and has become an important component or intermediate in heterocyclic synthesis.

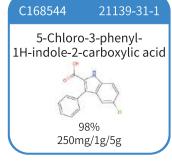




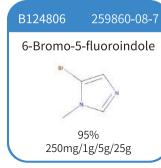












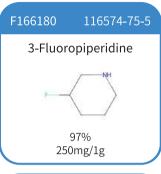


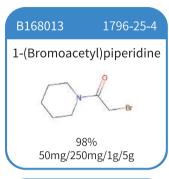
Piperidine Ring

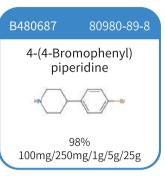
Piperidine is a six-membered ring containing one nitrogen atom, which can be found not only in more than half of the currently known alkaloid structures, but also in many natural or synthetic compounds with biological activities.

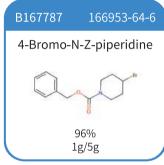


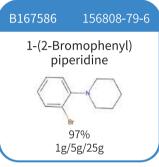


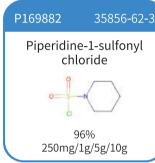








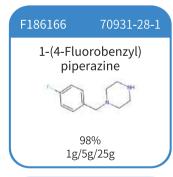


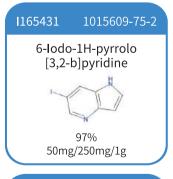




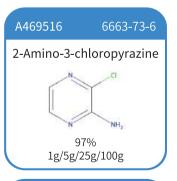
Other Halogenated Heterocycles

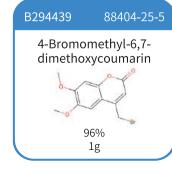
In addition to the aforementioned halogenated heterocycles, Aladdin also offers many other types of halogenated heterocycles, such as piperazines, azaindoles, and coumarins. These compounds also play a crucial role in fields such as organic synthesis, medicinal chemistry, and materials science.

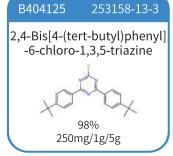


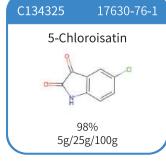


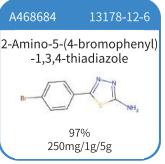














Contact us



+1 (833) 552-7181



www.aladdinsci.com



14078 Meridian Parkway, Riverside, CA. 92518 USA

