

14078 Meridian Parkway, Riverside, CA. 92518

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version: v1

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SECTION 1:Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Lead oxide yellow

Product Number : L112934
Brand : aladdin
CAS-No. : 1317-36-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances.

1.3 Company

Company : ALADDIN SCIENTIFIC CORPORATION

Address : 14078 Meridian Parkway,

Riverside, CA. 92518

Telephone : +1 (833) 552-7181 Fax : no data available

1.4 Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA : 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA :

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332

Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2), H341

Carcinogenicity (Category 1B), H350

Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A), H360

Effects on or via lactation, H362

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), H373

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 1), H400



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Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard (Category 1), H410

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Danger





Signal word

Hazard statement(s)

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350 May cause cancer

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children

H373 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.
P264 Wash hands [and ...] thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P391 Collect spillage.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

P301+P312+P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P304+P340+P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.Call

a POISON CENTER or doctor. if you feel unwell.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Synonyms : Lead monoxide; Lead oxide; Lead protoxide; Litharge

Formula : Pb0
Molecular weight : 223.19



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CAS No. : 1317-36-8 EC-NO. : 215-267-0

Component	Classification	Concentration
Lead oxide yellow		
	no data available	99.999% metals basis,Orthorhombic system

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

In case of eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

no data available

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Lead oxides Not combustible. Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.



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5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

no data available

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Operators should be specially trained and strictly abide by the operating procedures. Operation and disposal should be carried out in a place with local ventilation or general ventilation facilities. Avoid eye and skin contact and avoid breathing vapor. See Section 8 for personal protective measures. Keep away from fire and heat sources, and smoking is strictly prohibited in the workplace. Use explosion-proof ventilation systems and equipment. If canning is required, the flow rate should be controlled, and there should be a grounding device to prevent the accumulation of static electricity. Avoid contact with incompatible substances such as oxidizing agents (see section 10 for incompatible substances). When handling, it should be lightly loaded and unloaded to prevent damage to packaging and containers. Empty containers may be harmful residues. Wash hands after use and prohibit eating or drinking in the workplace. Equipped with the corresponding variety and quantity of fire fighting equipment and leakage emer

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, ventilated warehouse. Moisture sensitive.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

no data available



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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU)2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a fullface particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN(EU).

Control of environmental exposure

If safety requires, prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not let the product enter the sewer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance form: Solid, Powder, Crystals and/or Chunks color: Yellow

b) Odour no data available
c) Odour Threshold no data available
d) pH no data available
e) Melting point/freezing point no data available
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range g) Flash point no data available
h) Evaporation rate no data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas) no data available



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j) Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits no data available k) Vapour pressure no data available I) Vapour density no data available no data available m) Relative density n) Water solubility no data available o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water no data available p) Auto-ignition temperature no data available no data available q) Decomposition temperature no data available r) Viscosity no data available s) Explosive properties N t) Oxidizing properties N no data available

9.2 Other safety information

no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with: Aluminum Powdered metals performic acid perchloric acid glycerol Violent reactions possible with: carbides Sulfur oxides hydrogen peroxide halogens alkenes Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Boron Alkali metals hydrides silanes vegetable/animal oils Fluorine

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 1,100.1 mg/kg (Expert judgment)



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Oral: No data available

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 1.6 mg/l (Expert judgment)

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: No eye irritation - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Maximization Test - Guinea pig Result: negative (OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Rat Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes) Application Route: Oral Result: positive Remarks: (ECHA) Test Type: comet assay Species: Mouse Cell type: Liver cells Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative Remarks: (ECHA)

Carcinogenicity no data available

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies. Studies indicating a hazard to babies during the lactation period

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. - Central nervous system, Kidney, Blood

Aspiration hazard

no data available

Additional Information

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and fetomortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death., Anorexia., Vomiting, Convulsions, Nausea, Headache, Weakness, anemia To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 0.1 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (ECHA)



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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.13 mg/l - 48 h Remarks: (ECOTOX Database)

Toxicity to algae static test EC10 - Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom) - 0.0294 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (ECHA)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances. Biodegradability Result: - According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13:

13.1 Disposal considerations

Product

Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local regional authorities and an expert of disposal. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and little by little burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. If a large amount of the substance is burned at a time, an explosion may occur. Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN number: 2291 Packing group: III Class: 6.1

Proper shipping name: LEAD Reportable Quantity(RQ): no data Poison Inhalation Hazard: no data

COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S. (lead(II) available available

oxide)

Environmental Hazards: yes

IMDG

UN number: 2291 Packing group: III EMS-No: no data available

Proper shipping name: LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S. (lead(II) oxide)



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IATA

UN number: 2291 Packing group: III Class: 6.1

Proper shipping name: LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S. (lead(II) oxide)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

SECTION 16: Other information

Regulatory Affairs

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